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1		CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT			
2	FEB 2 4 2014				
3		DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
4		CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY Marshi Sus DEPUTY			
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7	UNITED STATES DIS	TRICT COURT			
8	CENTRAL DISTRICT (OF CALIFORNIA			
9					
10	IN THE MATTER OF $\downarrow -$	GENERAL ORDER NO. 14-02			
11		Supersedes General Order No. 11-07)			
12	OPPORTUNITY PLAN AND) EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE)				
13	RESOLUTION PLAN OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,	Superseded by the Ninth Circuit's Employment Dispute Resolution			
14	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF	Policy effective January 1, 2019			
15)	· · ·			
16	The Equal Employment Opportunity Pl	an and Employment Dispute			
17	Resolution Plan of the United States District	Court, Central District of California			
18	("Plans"), together attached hereto as Exhibit	A, are hereby adopted by this Court.			
19	These Plans shall become effective upo	n filing by the Clerk of this Court			
20	after approval by the Judicial Council of the N	Jinth Circuit.			
21					
22	IT IS SO ORDERED.	1 lind			
23					
24	CHIEF UNI	TED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE			
25	Date of Approval by the Court:	December 6, 2013			
26	Date of Approval by the Judicial Count	cil: February 20, 2014			
27	Duie ο _j Αρριοναί ο _y ine Judiciai Count	1 Coluary 20, 2014			
28	Date of Filing by the Clerk:	February 24, 2014			

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28	EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY PLAN (PART A)

AND

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN (PART B)

CURRENT VERSION EFFECTIVE: February 24, 2014

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY PLAN (PART A) AND EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN (PART B)

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

PART A:

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

PLAN

Date Adopted by the Court:	May 14, 1996
Date Adopted by the Judicial Council for the Ninth Circuit:	November 22, 1996
Date Last Revised by the Court:	December 6, 2013
Date Approved by the Judicial Council for the Ninth Circuit:	February 20, 2014

PART A – EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY PLAN

I. PREAMBLE

A. Statement of Policy

The Judicial Conference of the United States in 1987 directed that each court adopt a plan in conformance with the national policy of providing equal employment opportunity to all persons regardless of their race, sex, color, national origin, religion, age, or handicap.

The United States District Court for the Central District of California adopted this Equal Employment Opportunity Plan providing equal employment opportunity to all persons or classes of persons regardless of their race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability and/or sexual orientation¹.

Each appointing officer and supervisor will promote equal employment opportunity in accordance with this plan encompassing all facets of employment actions and conditions including recruitment, hiring, training, promotion, advancement, and supervision.

Each appointing officer and supervisor will promote a court or office environment free of discrimination and discriminatory harassment. Any instances of discriminatory harassment for which a person seeks relief or assistance should be immediately reported. All employing offices shall address promptly all complaints alleging discrimination or discriminatory harassment and shall pursue resolution of each complaint in accordance with the procedures described in Part B-Employment Dispute Resolution Plan.

Retaliation by an appointing officer or supervisor, or by any other employee against an employee for having filed a discrimination or discriminatory harassment complaint, or against any persons involved in the processing of a complaint such as employee representatives or witnesses, is prohibited and constitutes grounds for disciplinary action. The filing of frivolous or harassing complaints, however, may also be grounds for disciplinary action.

This plan, which will be periodically evaluated, is not intended to modify or reduce the qualification standards for employment in the federal courts as such standards have been approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States.

Neither this plan nor the Employment Dispute Resolution ("EDR") procedures set forth in Part B shall constitute a contract or create any legally enforceable obligation. No actions taken or documents created or processed pursuant to this plan or the EDR procedures related thereto are discoverable in any court proceeding, except as to final decisions made available to the public pursuant to Chapter Ten, § XIII of Part B.

B. Definitions

- Age At least 40 years of age at the time of the alleged discrimination except for the age restrictions prescribed by 5 U.S.C. § 8335(b) and 8425(b) and described in the Judiciary Salary Plan and the Court Personnel System, applying to the appointment and retirement of federal probation and pretrial services officers.
- 2. **Disability** Any physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of a person's major life activities, there is a record of such impairment or the person is regarded as having such impairment. A qualified disabled person is one who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the position in question without endangering the health and safety of the individual or others and who meets the criteria for appointment².

Certain other conditions that are temporarily disabling such as pregnancy and childbirth are treated as disabilities for purposes of protections afforded under this Plan³.

- 3. **National origin** National origin includes ethnicity. Employees of the United States courts must be citizens of the United States or citizens of countries with treaty relations with the United States, as defined by the United States Department of State, or persons subject to the Chinese Student Protection Act, 8 U.S.C. §1255.
- 4. **Gender** Discrimination on the basis of marital status or parenthood is also categorized as gender discrimination.
- 5. A discrimination complaint is any allegation that a person has been denied employment, promotion or advancement, or has been affected in any other aspect of employment, because of his or her race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability and/or sexual orientation.

A discrimination complaint also includes allegations of restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal because a person has raised an allegation of discrimination or has served as a representative, a witness, or an EDR coordinator in connection with a complaint. It does not include complaints relating to other dissatisfactions with a person's conditions of employment which are commonly known as grievances.

A discrimination complaint may only be filed pursuant to the procedures set forth in Part B.

- 6. Sexual harassment is a form of gender discrimination. Sexual harassment is defined as unwelcome sexual advances, such as an overture, an offer, or requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when:
 - a. 1. Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; or
 - 2. Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or
 - 3. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment;⁴ and
 - b. Such conduct is engaged in either the workplace or outside the workplace, during working hours or after working hours, where there is a direct connection with workplace matters.
- 7. **Discriminatory Harassment** Conduct, threats, insinuations, innuendo, or slurs, or other offensive statements or conduct based on race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability and/or sexual orientation directed at an individual or a specific class or group is considered discrimination.
- 8. Employment Actions and Conditions -- Includes all employment and personnel decisions, actions, impacts, terms and conditions of a person's employment such as: recruitment, hiring, promotions, advancement, work assignments, compensation and benefits, training, education, disciplinary actions, suspensions without pay, demotions, terminations, and other such categories. Excluded from coverage are matters related to retirement programs, life insurance, bonding, health insurance, and the content of the court's published regulations, rules, procedures, policies, job descriptions

and general orders.

II. SCOPE OF COVERAGE

This Equal Employment Opportunity Plan applies to all court personnel, defined as follows:

- A. All district and magistrate judges and their law clerks and judicial assistants;
- **B.** The clerk's office staff, including all staff attorneys;
- C. The probation and pretrial services staffs.
- **D.** This Plan includes judicial externs only with respect to protection against discriminatory harassment, defined above in § I (B) (6) & (7).

Article I and Article III judges may not file a complaint pursuant to this plan. Complaints against judges, as distinct from complaints against employing offices pursuant to Part B in which a judge's conduct may form the factual basis of the complaint, are filed pursuant to judicial misconduct procedures. 28 U.S.C. § 351. Complaints about the conduct of the magistrate judge merit screening process should be submitted to the chief judge of the district.

For the purposes of this plan, all chambers and offices will be described as "employing offices."

III. ORGANIZATION

A. Implementation

Each appointing officer shall implement this plan.

B. Appointing Officers

All appointing officers, including the district and magistrate court, individual judges, and court unit heads must ensure that all vacancies, [with the exception of chambers law clerk vacancies], are publicly announced⁵ to attract candidates who represent the make-up of persons available in the qualified labor market and that all hiring decisions are based solely on job-related factors. They should make reasonable efforts to see that the skills, abilities, and potential of each employee are identified and developed, and that all employees are given equal opportunities for promotions and for other advantageous employment actions and conditions.

C. Appointing Officers and Supervisors

All appointing officers must apply equal employment opportunity practices and

policies in their court units. This includes giving each employee a fair and equal opportunity to demonstrate his or her skills and, where those abilities exceed general performance standards, to be recommended for such personnel actions and awards recognizing such achievements as may be warranted and available.

D. Employment Dispute Resolution Coordinator

The chief district judge will designate one person to be the Employment Dispute Resolution (EDR) coordinator for the district. Additional EDR coordinators will be appointed by the chief district judge in probation and pretrial services offices to facilitate the administration of the plan. EDR coordinators will be committed to the goals of equal employment opportunity and possess the experience and training necessary to perform the investigative and record-keeping aspects of this position.

EDR coordinators will be responsible for preparing statements, collecting, analyzing, and consolidating statistical data, and submitting an annual EEO/EDR report as described in Sections VII and VIII of this plan. EDR coordinators will also seek to resolve discrimination complaints informally and will provide EEO/EDR information to the public.

IV. OBJECTIVES

Each appointing officer will develop annual objectives which reflect those improvements needed in recruitment, hiring, promotions, and advancement, and will prepare a specific plan for the EDR coordinator explaining how those objectives will be achieved.

V. PERSONNEL PRACTICES

A. Discrimination-Free Workplace –

All appointing officers will provide a discrimination-free workplace for their employees and applicants. No employing office will tolerate discrimination or discriminatory harassment in hiring or in any employment actions or conditions, on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability and/or sexual orientation. Appointing officers should make available to court employees training and education with respect to equal employment opportunity, including, but not limited to, sexual harassment, subject to available funds for such training.

B. Recruitment –

All appointing officers will seek qualified applicants who reflect the make-up of all such persons in the relevant labor market. All vacancies, except those for chambers law clerks and externs, will be publicly announced.

C. Hiring –

All appointing officers will make their hiring decisions based upon an evaluation of a person's qualifications and ability to perform the duties of the position satisfactorily.

D. Promotion –

All appointing officers will promote employees, if promotions are available, according to their experience, training, and demonstrated ability to perform duties of a higher level.

E. Advancement –

All appointing officers and supervisors will seek, insofar as appropriate and reasonably practical, to improve the skills and abilities of employees through cross-training, job restructuring, assignments, details, and outside training.

F. Employee Discrimination Complaints -

All appointing officers will adopt the procedures for resolving employment disputes set forth in Part B.

VI. EVALUATIONS

The EDR coordinator will prepare a compiled annual report summarizing the appointing officers' efforts to provide equal employment opportunities in recruitment, hiring, promotions and advancement. The EDR coordinator will collect this information through evaluations prepared by all appointing officers, addressing these areas of concern:

A. Recruitment –

The report will briefly describe efforts made to bring a fair cross-section of the pool available for the position into its applicant pool, including listing all employment sources used (state employment offices, schools, organizations, etc.). Each appointing officer will also explain the methods used to publicize vacancies.

B. Hiring –

The report will identify where recruitment efforts resulted in the hiring of a crosssection of the pool available and will, if known, explain those instances where members of the cross-section did not accept employment with the office when it was offered.

C. Promotions –

The report will briefly describe promotional opportunities which occurred and will provide an analysis of the distribution of promotions, including a description of those persons who were promoted to supervisory positions.

D. Advancement –

The report will describe what efforts were made to improve the skills and abilities of employees through cross-training, job restructuring, assignments, details, and outside training.

In addition, this evaluation should include information on factors inhibiting achievement of EEO objectives, such as no vacancies or minimal numbers of qualified applicants in the relevant labor market, and on all persons in the court who have received relevant training. This report will also include a breakdown according to the race, gender, color, national origin, and disability of the personnel involved on forms to be provided by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts. The report will cover personnel actions occurring in the year ending September 30 and will be submitted to the Administrative Office by November 1 of each year.

VII. ANNUAL REPORT

The EDR coordinator will submit to the chief judge of the court for his or her approval the annual report for the year ending September 30. The report for the district will consist of the consolidated reports and data received from each reporting court unit.

The report will describe instances where significant achievements were made in providing equal employment opportunities, identify areas where improvements are needed, and explain factors inhibiting achievement of equal employment opportunity objectives. The report will be the same report as that submitted annually to the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

The individual court unit reports will be submitted to the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit. The reports for the bankruptcy court and the probation and pretrial services offices of a district will be consolidated with the report for the district court and submitted to the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

These consolidated reports will be submitted by the chief judge to the Administrative Office of the United States Courts by November 30 of each year. A copy of the consolidated reports will

be submitted to the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit.

Copies of the annual EEO reports will be made available to the public upon request.

VIII. DISTRIBUTION AND PUBLIC NOTICE

Copies of these procedures shall be available to all employees and, upon request, to applicants for positions of employment with the United States Courts.

Notes — EEO Plan

1. The federal government, including the federal courts, is bound by 38 U.S.C. § 4301 pertaining to the employment of individuals with military reserve status. While the federal courts are not required to honor veterans' preference in employment decisions, the federal courts are prohibited from denying hiring, retention in employment, or any promotion or other incident or advantage of employment because of any obligation as a member of a Reserve component of the Armed Forces. 38 U.S.C. § 4301(b)(3). Federal court employees are also guaranteed reemployment rights if their employment is interrupted by active military duty in any branch of the armed forces, by reserve training activities, or by reporting for examinations to determine their fitness for military service.

2. Further clarification of this definition can be found in 29 CFR § 1614.203. That section provides that "major life activities" means functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, breathing, learning and working. Under the standard of "Reasonable Accommodation" the court unit shall reasonably accommodate the known physical or mental limitations of a qualified disabled applicant or employee unless the court can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the court's operations. Such accommodations may include, but shall not be limited to: (1) making facilities readily accessible to and usable by disabled persons, and (2) job restructuring, part-time or modified work schedules, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, the provision of readers and interpreters and other similar actions.

3. HIV infection is considered to be a non-interfering disability absent medical and workplace documentation regarding the extent to which the infection may affect job performance, leave, or conduct.

4. Prohibited unwelcome conduct includes offensive sexual flirtations, suggestive comments, sexual innuendo, unwanted physical contact, impeding or blocking movement, repeated requests or pressure for dates, advances, propositions, insults or verbal abuses of a sexual nature, graphic verbal comments about an individual's body, sexually degrading words describing an individual, humor and jokes about sex or gender-specific traits, or the display of sexually suggestive objects or pictures. Prohibited discriminatory conduct also includes non-verbal, suggestive, or sexually insulting actions such as leering, whistling, suggestive sounds, and obscene gestures. Prohibited touching includes any unwelcome touching of a sexual nature, pinching, intentional brushing of the body, sexual assault, and coerced sexual acts.

5. A "public announcement" is a reasonable attempt to notify applicants and potential applicants about the existence of job vacancies. In some situations this will involve the placement of a job notice in a widely circulated publication, whereas in others it may simply involve the posting of a notice on internal bulletin boards in appropriate places. Law Clerk positions are recruited, in part, using a national on-line site hosted by the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts called OSCAR. The purpose of a public announcement is to afford all possible applicants, including women and minorities, an opportunity to compete for the position(s) in question.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

PART B:

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION

PLAN

Date Adopted by the Court:	December 26, 1998
Date Adopted by the Judicial Council for the Ninth Circuit:	June 24, 1998
Date Last Revised by the Court:	December 6, 2013
Date Approved by the Judicial Council for the Ninth Circuit:	February 20, 2014

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN (PART B)

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PART B – <u>EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN</u>

CHAPTER ONE – GENERAL PROVISIONS

I. PREAMBLE

This Plan shall be known as the Employment Dispute Resolution Plan ("EDR Plan") and was adopted by the United States District Court for the Central District of California in order to provide rights and protections to employees of the district court within the Central District of California which are comparable to those provided to legislative branch employees under the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995. The Plan supersedes all previous versions of the EDR Plan and § VII of the Equal Employment Opportunity Plan ("EEO" Plan) imposing requirements on the court and office units.

This court has adopted and implemented this Plan based upon the Model EDR Plan adopted by the Judicial Conference of the United States. All modifications from the Model EDR Plan have been approved by the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit. All future modifications to the EDR Plan must likewise be approved by the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit through the Office of the Circuit Executive. A copy of this Plan and any subsequent modifications shall be available to each covered employee and shall be posted on the court/office's internal and external website(s). A copy of this Plan and any subsequent modifications shall be filed with the Office of the Circuit Executive and the Administrative Office. This court/office for inclusion in the Director's Annual Report to the Judicial Conference. A copy of this annual report shall also be provided to the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit through the Office of the Circuit Executive.

Policies adopted by offices within this district or within this court pertaining to adverse action or general grievance proceedings that do not invoke the rights and protections afforded under this Plan are not affected by the Plan. Further, other local policies relating to rights enumerated under the Plan that are not inconsistent with the rights and procedures established herein will not be affected by the Plan.

This Plan is not intended to duplicate the protections provided for the resolution of complaints of judicial officer misconduct or disability under 28 U.S.C. §§ 351 - 364, and otherwise is intended to be the exclusive remedy of the employee relating to rights enumerated under the Plan.

II. SCOPE OF COVERAGE

This Plan applies to all Article III judges and other judicial officers within this court/office, as well as to all employees of the court and employing offices in this district including judicial assistants and law clerks, clerk's office staff, including all staff attorneys, and the staff of probation and pretrial services.

III. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Plan –

- **A.** The term "claim" means the filing of a request for counseling as set forth in § VIII of Chapter Ten, which may be further pursued by the filing of a request for mediation and a request for hearing in the form of a formal complaint.
- **B.** The term "employee" includes all individuals listed in § II of this Chapter, as well as applicants for employment and former employees, except as provided below. The term "employee" does not include court unit head positions, applicants for magistrate judge positions, private attorneys who apply to represent indigent defendants under the Criminal Justice Act, volunteer counselors or mediators, or other individuals who are not employees of an "employing office" as that term is defined below. Volunteers, interns or externs providing gratuitous service are covered by the term "employees" only with respect to protection against discriminatory harassment as defined in Section § I (B) (6) & (7) of Part A, Equal Employment Opportunity Plan. All alleged violations of discriminatory harassment should be reported as described in Chapter Nine of this Plan.
- C. The term "employing office" includes all offices of the United States District Court in the Central District of California, including the offices of district court executive/clerk of court, chief probation officer, chief pretrial services officer, staff attorneys, and any such offices that might be created in the future. Each judge is the employing office of a judicial officer's law clerk(s) and judicial assistant.
- **D.** The term "judicial officer" means a judge appointed under Article III of the Constitution, a United States magistrate judge, or a judge of any court created by Act of Congress in a territory which is invested with any jurisdiction of a district court of the United States.
- **E.** The term "court" refers to the district court in which is located the employing office which would be responsible for redressing, correcting or abating the violation alleged in the complaint.

CHAPTER TWO – EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY AND ANTI-DISCRIMINATION RIGHTS

I. GENERAL

Discrimination against employees based on race, color, religion, gender (including pregnancy and sexual harassment), national origin, age (at least 40 years of age at the time of the alleged discrimination), disability and sexual orientation is prohibited. Harassment against an employee based upon any of these protected categories or retaliation for engaging in any protected activity is prohibited. All of the above are included in the definition of "wrongful conduct." The rights and protections of Sections I through V of the Equal Employment Opportunity Plan (Part A) shall also apply to employees.

II. **DEFINITION**

The term "disability" means –

- **A.** a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an employee,
- **B.** a record of such an impairment, or
- C. being regarded as having such an impairment.

See 42 U.S.C. § 12102(2).

III. SPECIAL PROVISION FOR PROBATION AND PRETRIAL SERVICES OFFICERS

The age discrimination provision of § I of this Chapter shall not apply to the initial hiring or mandatory separation of probation and pretrial services officers and officer assistants. See Report of the Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States (March 1991), pp. 16-17. Additionally, probation and pretrial services officers must meet all fitness for duty standards and compliance with such standards does not, in and of itself, constitute discrimination on the basis of disability.

CHAPTER THREE – FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE RIGHTS

Title II of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 5 U.S.C. §§ 6381 - 6387, applies to court employees in the manner prescribed in Volume 12, Chapter 9, Section 920.20.35 of the *Guide to Judiciary Policies and Procedures*.

CHAPTER FOUR – WORKER ADJUSTMENT AND RETRAINING NOTIFICATION RIGHTS

I. GENERAL

No "employing office closing" or "mass layoff" (as defined in § II of this Chapter) may occur until the end of a 60-day period after the employing office serves written notice of such prospective closing or layoff to employees who will be affected. This provision shall not apply to an employing office closing or mass layoff that results from the absence of appropriated funds.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. The term "employing office closing" means the permanent or temporary shutdown of a single site of employment if the shutdown results in an employment loss at the single site of employment during any 30-day period for 50 or more employees excluding any part-time employees.
- **B.** The term "mass layoff" means a reduction in force which
 - 1. is not the result of an employing office closing; and
 - 2. results in an employment loss at the single site of employment during any 30-day period for
 - a. at least 33 percent of the employees (excluding any part-time employees); and
 - b. at least 50 employees (excluding any part-time employees); or
 - c. at least 500 employees (excluding any part-time employees).

See 29 U.S.C. § 2101.

CHAPTER FIVE – EMPLOYMENT AND REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS OF MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES

An employing office shall not discriminate against an eligible employee or deny an eligible employee reemployment rights or benefits under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, 38 U.S.C. §§ 4301 - 4335.

CHAPTER SIX – OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH PROTECTIONS

I. GENERAL

Each employing office shall provide to its employees a place of employment which is free from recognized hazards that cause or are likely to cause death or serious physical harm to employees. Claims that seek a remedy that is exclusively within the jurisdiction of the General Services Administration ("GSA") to provide are not cognizable under this Plan; such requests should be filed directly with GSA.

II. COURT PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

The court shall implement a program to achieve the protections set forth in § I of this Chapter.

CHAPTER SEVEN – POLYGRAPH TESTS

Unless required for access to classified information, or otherwise required by law, no employee may be required to take a polygraph test.

CHAPTER EIGHT – WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION

I. GENERAL

Any employee who has authority to take, direct others to take, recommend, or approve any personnel action shall not, with respect to such authority, take or threaten to take an adverse employment action with respect to any employee (excluding applicants for employment) because of any disclosure of information by the employee to -

- A. the appropriate federal law enforcement authority, or
- **B.** a supervisor or managerial official of the employing office, a judicial officer of the court, or the Administrative Office of the United States Courts,

which the employee reasonably and in good faith believes evidences a violation of any law, rule, or regulation, or other conduct that constitutes gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety, provided that such disclosure of information –

- 1. is not specifically prohibited by law,
- 2. does not reveal case-sensitive information, sealed material, or the deliberative processes of the federal judiciary (as outlined in the Guide to Judiciary Policy, Vol. 20, Ch. 8), and
- 3. does not reveal information that would endanger the security of any federal judicial officer, court staff, or litigants.

II. DEFINITION

For purposes of this Chapter, an "adverse employment action" means a termination, demotion, transfer, or reassignment; loss of pay, benefits, or awards; or any other employment action that is materially adverse to the employee's job status, compensation, terms, or responsibilities, or the employee's working conditions.

CHAPTER NINE - REPORTS OF DISCRIMINATORY HARASSMENT (WRONGFUL CONDUCT)

A report of discriminatory harassment (referred to herein as wrongful conduct) is not the same as initiating or filing a claim under this Plan; thus, employees who wish to file an EDR claim relating to any alleged wrongful conduct as defined in Chapter Two § I must follow the procedures set forth in Chapter Ten of this Plan.

Judges, employees, volunteers, interns, and externs, are encouraged to report wrongful conduct to the court's EDR coordinator, the chief judge, unit executive, human resources manager, or their supervisor as soon as possible, before it becomes severe or pervasive. Retaliation against any employee making a report of wrongful conduct is prohibited. The person receiving such a report has the responsibility to notify one of the EDR coordinators as soon as possible. A list of EDR Coordinators and their contact information may be obtained from the employee's Human Resources Office.

EDR coordinators shall promptly inform the chief judge and unit executive of any report. The chief judge and/or unit executive shall ensure that the allegations in the report are appropriately and promptly investigated, either by the human resources manager or other person.

All individuals involved in the investigation shall protect the confidentiality of the allegations of wrongful conduct to the extent possible and consistent with a thorough investigation. Information and records about the allegations shall be shared on a need-to-know basis.

Employees found by the chief judge and/or unit executive to have engaged in wrongful conduct, as defined in this Plan, may be subject to disciplinary action.

CHAPTER TEN – DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES

I. GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR CONSIDERATION OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS

An employee who claims a denial of the rights granted under Chapters Two through Nine of this Plan, or who claims a violation of the prohibition against retaliation as set forth in § V (A) of this chapter, shall seek resolution of such claims through the procedures of this Chapter. Generally, the procedural process consists of -

- A. counseling and mediation;
- **B.** hearing before the chief judge of the court (or a designated judicial officer) in which the alleged violation arises; and
- C. review of the hearing decision under procedures established by the judicial council of the circuit.

II. ALLEGED VIOLATION BY EMPLOYEE

Before invoking a request for counseling, an employee (to the extent possible) is encouraged to bring his or her concerns to his or her supervisor for informal resolution. An employee alleging that any of the rights granted under the EEO Plan or this Plan have been violated, and who seeks relief under this Plan, should file a request for counseling with his or her court's/office's EDR coordinator in accordance with § VIII of this chapter.

III. ALLEGED VIOLATION BY A JUDGE

Any employee alleging that a judge violated any rights granted under the EEO Plan or this Plan may file an EDR claim in accordance with this Plan. In such an instance, however, all the claims procedures of this Chapter shall be performed by the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit, either by members of the Council directly or by persons designated to act on its behalf, which may include the Chief Judge of the Ninth Circuit. If a judge becomes the subject of both an EDR claim and a judicial misconduct complaint under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 351 - 364, the Council or its designee, which may include the Chief Judge of the Ninth Circuit, will craft a procedure for determining any common issues of fact and processing both complaints, subject to all requirements of the Act, the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings, and, as practicable, this Plan. In so doing, the Council or its designee, who may include the Chief Judge of the Ninth Circuit, may determine that all or part of the EDR claim must be abated until action is taken on the judicial misconduct complaint.

IV. CONFIDENTIALITY

The court or employing office shall protect the confidentiality of allegations filed under this Plan to the extent possible and consistent with a thorough investigation. However, information about allegations filed under this Plan shall be shared on a need-to-know basis. Claimant(s)/complainant(s) are likewise responsible to maintain confidentiality so as to not disrupt the effective functioning of the office. Records relating to violations under this Plan shall be kept confidential on the same basis.

V. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND PROTECTIONS

- A. **Prohibition against retaliation** Complainants under this Plan have the right to be free from retaliation, coercion, or interference because of filing a claim pursuant to this Plan. Any person who participates in the filing or processing of a claim, such as an employment dispute resolution coordinator, mediator, witness, representative, or co-worker, is also entitled to freedom from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal.
- **B. Right to representation** Every individual invoking the dispute resolution procedures of this Plan has the right to be represented by a person of his or her choice if such person is available and consents to be a representative. A court employee may accept the responsibilities of representation if it will not unduly interfere with his or her court duties or constitute a conflict of interest. A representative who is an office employee shall have a reasonable amount of official time to accompany, represent, and advise the claimant(s)/complainant(s) or the person complained against at any stage in the complaint procedures. The employing office also has the right to representation.

- C. Case preparation To the extent feasible, every individual invoking the dispute resolution procedures of this Plan may use a reasonable amount of official time to prepare his or her case, so long as it does not unduly interfere with the performance of his or her court duties.
- **D.** Extensions of time The chief judge of the court, or other presiding judicial officer, EDR coordinator, appointing officer, or assigned mediator may extend any of the deadlines set forth in this Chapter for good cause.
- E. Dismissal of a claim On his or her own initiative or at the request of any party, the chief judge or presiding judicial officer, may at any time in the proceedings dismiss a claim on the grounds that it does not invoke violations of the rights or protections granted under the EEO Plan or this Plan, is untimely, is unduly repetitive of a previous claim, adverse action, or grievance, is frivolous, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. The claim will be stayed until the request for dismissal is decided.
- F. Records At the conclusion of formal and informal proceedings under this Plan, all papers, files, and reports will be filed with the court's EDR coordinator. No papers, files, or reports relating to a dispute will be filed in any employee's personnel folder, except as necessary to implement an official personnel action.

VI. DESIGNATION AND DUTIES OF EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION COORDINATOR

The court shall designate a person to serve as the EDR coordinator. The court may designate more than one EDR coordinator. The duties of such person shall include the following:

- A. to provide information to the court and employees regarding the rights and protections afforded under this Plan;
- **B.** to coordinate and organize the procedures and establish and maintain official files of the court pertaining to claims and other matters initiated and processed under the court's Employment Dispute Resolution Plan;
- C. to coordinate the counseling of individuals in the initial stages of the claim process, in accordance with § VIII of this Chapter;
- **D.** to conduct a pre-hearing investigation and or collection of evidence at the request of the mediator and/or reviewing official; and
- E. to collect, analyze, and consolidate statistical data and other information pertaining to the court's employment dispute resolution process.

VII. DISQUALIFICATION PROVISION

Any person seeking disqualification or recusal of an EDR coordinator, counselor, mediator, or reviewing official shall promptly submit a written statement to the chief judge explaining the reasons for the requested disqualification or recusal. In determining whether disqualification or recusal is warranted, the chief judge shall consider the factors, circumstances and considerations set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 455. If disqualification or recusal is warranted, the chief judge shall designate another individual to act as the EDR coordinator, counselor, mediator, or reviewing official. In the event, the chief judge is unavailable to serve under this subsection or has disqualified or recused himself or herself pursuant to this provision, the chief judge will designate another judicial officer to serve as the reviewing official. Disqualification or recusal of the EDR coordinator, counselor, mediator or recusal of the EDR coordinator, counselor, mediator or recusal of the EDR coordinator, counselor, mediator or reviewing official of a court shall not be warranted merely because the court is named as a responding party. However, to avoid a potential conflict of interest if the appointing officer is the alleged violator of the Plan's provisions, the Chief Judge may designate another party to represent the employing office in the counseling, mediation and/or at the formal hearing.

VIII. COUNSELING

- A. Initiating a proceeding; formal request for counseling An employee who believes that his or her rights under Chapters Two through Nine of this Plan have been violated must first request counseling.
- **B.** Form and manner of requests Requests for counseling:
 - 1. are to be submitted to the court's/office's EDR coordinator;
 - 2. must be made in writing and contain all the violations asserted by the claimant (copy of approved form is contained in Appendix 1); and
 - 3. must be made within 30 days of the alleged violation or within 30 days of the time the employee first becomes aware of the alleged violation absent extenuating circumstances (see also § V (D) "Extension of time" of this Chapter).

C. Procedures –

1. Who may serve as counselor – If the EDR coordinator is disqualified from serving as counselor under § VII of this Chapter, or is otherwise unavailable, the chief judge of the court shall designate another qualified individual to perform the counseling function. The EDR coordinator shall promptly provide a copy of the request for counseling to the unit executive and the chief judge of the court. 2. **Purposes of counseling** – The purposes of the counseling shall be to discuss the employee's concerns and elicit information regarding the matter which the employee believes constitutes a violation; to advise the employee of his or her rights and responsibilities and the procedures of the court applicable to the employment dispute resolution process; to investigate and evaluate the matter; and to assist the employee in achieving an early resolution of the matter, if possible.

If the counselor determines that the nature and substance of the claim does not invoke violations of the rights or protections granted under the EEO Plan or this Plan, is untimely, is unduly repetitive of a previous claim, adverse action, or grievance, is frivolous, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, the counselor shall recommend to the chief judge that the EDR claim be dismissed. Counseling can continue in accordance with the court's/office's adverse action and/or grievance procedures as appropriate and requested by the claimant (see also § V (E) of this chapter, Dismissal of a Claim).

- 3. **Confidentiality** The court or employing office shall protect the confidentiality of allegations filed under this Plan to the extent possible and consistent with a thorough investigation. However, information about allegations filed under this Plan shall be shared on a need-to-know basis. Records relating to violations under this Plan shall be kept confidential on the same basis.
- 4. **Form of settlement** The EDR coordinator shall reduce to writing any settlement achieved during the counseling process and secure the signatures of the employee, his or her representative, if any, and the member of the employing office who is authorized to enter into settlement on the employing office's behalf.
- **D. Duration of counseling period** The period for counseling shall be 30 days (or a shorter period if counseling is concluded at an earlier date), beginning on the date that the request for counseling is received by the EDR coordinator.
- E. Conclusion of the counseling period and notice The EDR coordinator shall notify the employee in writing of the end of the counseling period. As part of the notice, the EDR coordinator shall inform the employee of the right and obligation, should the employee choose to pursue his or her claim, to file with the EDR coordinator a request for mediation in accordance with § IX of this Chapter.

IX. MEDIATION

A. Initiation – Within 15 days after receipt by the employee of the notice of the conclusion of the counseling period, the employee may file with the EDR

coordinator a request for mediation. The request must be made in writing and must state the claim(s) presented (copy of approved form is included as Appendix 2). The EDR coordinator shall promptly provide a copy of the request for mediation to the unit executive and the chief judge of the court. Failure to pursue mediation (unless waived by mutual agreement of the claimant and employing office) will preclude further processing of the employee's claim under any other provisions of this Chapter.

B. Procedures -

- 1. **Designation of mediator** As soon as possible after receiving the request for mediation, the chief judge or his/her designee shall
 - a. designate a mediator; and
 - b. inform the EDR coordinator who will provide written notice of such designation to all parties.
- 2. Who may serve as mediator Any person with the skills to assist in resolving disputes, except the court's EDR coordinator, may serve as a mediator under this Plan
- 3. **Purpose of mediation** The mediator shall meet separately and/or jointly with the employee and his or her representative, if any, and the employing office to discuss alternatives for resolving a dispute, including any and all possibilities of reaching a voluntary, mutually satisfactory resolution.
- 4. **Confidentiality** Any person or party involved in the mediation process shall not disclose, in whole or in part, any information or records obtained through, or prepared specifically for, the mediation process, except as necessary to consult with the parties or their representatives, and then only with notice to all parties.
- 5. Form of settlement The mediator shall reduce to writing any settlement achieved during the mediation process and secure the signature of the employee, his or her representative, if any, and the member of the employing office who is authorized to enter into the settlement on the employing office's behalf. A notice that the settlement was reached will be provided to the EDR coordinator for report purposes.
- C. Duration of mediation period The mediation period shall be 30 days (or a shorter period if mediation is concluded at an earlier date), beginning on the date the request for mediation is received. The employee is required to attend at least one mediation session. Thereafter, he or she may proceed to file a complaint and request for hearing.

D. Conclusion of mediation period and notice – If, at the end of the mediation period, the parties have not resolved the matter that forms the basis of the request for mediation, the EDR coordinator shall provide the employee, the employee's representative, if any, and the employing office with written notice that the mediation period has concluded. The notice shall also inform the employee of his or her right to file a complaint under § X of this Chapter.

X. COMPLAINT, REVIEW AND HEARING

- A. Complaint Not later than 15 days after receiving written notice of the end of the mediation period, the employee may file a complaint alleging a violation of the EDR Plan. The complaint must be in the form approved by the court/office (see approved form in Appendix 3), and shall be filed with the chief judge of the court of the employing office with a copy to the employing office and to the EDR coordinator. Claims that were not presented in the request for mediation under § IX (A) of this chapter may not be pursued except in instances in which mediation has been waived. The respondent in all complaints shall be the employing office which would be responsible for redressing, correcting or abating the violation(s) alleged in the complaint. No individual shall be named as a respondent in the complaint.
- **B.** Review procedures The employing office has the right to respond to the complaint. This response should be submitted to the chief judge or designated reviewing official within 15 days of receipt of the complaint. In the event that a written notice of dismissal of the complaint is sent to all parties, including the employing office and the EDR coordinator, the notice will include a statement regarding the complainant's right to appeal the dismissal to the Executive Committee of the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit.

C. Hearing procedures –

- Hearing Officer If the chief judge or designated judicial officer does not dismiss the complaint, the chief judge or designated judicial officer, shall review the merits of the complaint unless he or she determines that no material factual dispute exists. Generally, the scope of the review should be limited to the documents and other written evidence submitted. A live hearing with witnesses may be held in exceptional circumstances or when the presiding judicial officer believes the allegation(s) contained in the complaint require appearances.
- 2. **Specific provisions** The presiding judicial officer may provide for such discovery and investigation as is necessary. In general, the presiding judicial officer shall determine the time, place, and manner of conducting the hearing if appearances are required. However, the following specific

provisions shall apply to hearings in which appearances are required under this Section:

- a. the hearing shall be commenced no later than 60 days after the filing of the complaint;
- b. the complainant and the head of the office against which the complaint has been filed must receive written notice of the hearing; such notice shall also be provided to the individual alleged to have violated rights protected by this Plan;
- c. at the hearing, the complainant will have the rights to representation, to present evidence on his or her behalf, and to cross-examine adverse witnesses; the employing office and/or accused employee shall have the rights to representation, to present evidence on its behalf, and to cross-examine adverse witnesses;
- d. the Federal Rules of Evidence need not be followed, but may be used as a guide;
- e. a verbatim record of the hearing must be kept and shall be the sole official record of the proceeding;
- f. in reaching his or her decision, the chief judge or presiding judicial officer shall be guided by judicial and administrative decisions under the laws related to Chapters Two through Nine of this Plan and by decisions of the Council under § XI of this Chapter;
- g. remedies may be provided in accordance with § XII of this Chapter where the hearing officer finds that the complainant has established by a preponderance of the evidence that a substantive right protected by this Plan has been violated;
- h. the final decision of the chief judge or presiding judicial officer must be issued in writing not later than 30 days after receipt of the complaint (if the complaint is dismissed) or at the conclusion of the hearing; and
- i. all affected parties shall have the right to written notice of the disposition of the complaint following the hearing.

XI. REVIEW OF DECISION

A party or individual aggrieved by a final decision of the chief judge or presiding judicial officer, or by a summary dismissal of the complaint, may petition for review of that decision. Such

review must be requested in writing to the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit no later than 30 days following the date of the final decision of the chief judge or the presiding judicial officer or following the date of a summary dismissal of the complaint. Any review will be conducted by the members of the Executive Committee of the Ninth Circuit Judicial Council or their designees. The decision of the Executive Committee shall be based on the record created by the hearing officer, and shall be affirmed if supported by substantial evidence. (See appendix 4 for "Procedures for Review of EDR Hearing Officer Decision by the Executive Committee of the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit.")

XII. REMEDIES

- A. Where judicial officers acting pursuant to § IX or X of this Chapter find that a substantive right protected by this Plan has been violated, they may order a necessary and appropriate remedy. A remedy may be directed at correcting a past violation, prospectively insuring compliance with the rights protected by this Plan, or both. A remedy shall be tailored as closely as possible to the specific violation involved.
- **B.** Remedies which may be provided to successful complainants under this Plan include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. placement of an employee in a position previously denied;
 - 2. placement in a comparable alternative position;
 - 3. reinstatement to a position from which the employee was previously removed;
 - 4. prospective promotion to a position;
 - 5. priority consideration for a future promotion or position;
 - 6. back pay and associated benefits, including attorney's fees, where the statutory criteria of the Back Pay Act, 5 U.S.C. § 5596, are satisfied;
 - 7. records modification and/or expungement;
 - 8. "equitable" relief, such as temporary stays of adverse actions;
 - 9. granting of family and medical leave; and
 - 10. accommodation of disabilities through the purchase of specialized equipment or the restructuring of duties and work hours or other reasonable accommodation.

- C. Remedies which are not legally available include:
 - 1. payment of attorney's fees (except as authorized under the Back Pay Act);
 - 2. compensatory damages; and
 - 3. punitive damages.

XIII. RECORD OF FINAL DECISIONS

The conclusion of the reviewing panel in any final decisions reached in accordance with § XI of this Chapter shall be made available to the public from the Office of the Circuit Executive upon written request. Only in the event the panel determines that all or portions of the entire decision should be made public shall additional portions of the decision be made available to the public. The reviewing panel, in the interests of justice and of fairness to the parties, may determine not to make available to the public the conclusion of any final decision if public disclosure would compromise the integrity or legitimate confidentiality of the parties or the court, or to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, undue burden or expense, or for any other reason that the administration of justice may require.

XIV. ELECTION OF REMEDIES

If an employee or an employee representative files an appeal of an adverse action or a grievance in addition to a complaint under this Plan concerning the same or substantially the same subject matter, the employee must elect either (a) the EDR Plan or (b) the grievance/adverse action appeal procedures under which the complaint is to be processed. An employee may not utilize both (a) and (b). Similarly, if a complaint has already been processed under one of these procedures (i.e., the grievance/adverse action appeal procedure or the procedures in this Plan), it may not be the subject of a complaint under the other.

XV. DETERMINING TIME PERIODS

The word "days" in all filing and other time periods specified in this Plan shall mean calendar days, except that if the deadline date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline shall be extended to the following Monday or court business day respectively.

XVI. ANNUAL REPORT

The EDR coordinator will prepare an annual report for the fiscal year, indicating:

- A. The number and type of alleged violations for which counseling was conducted.
- **B**. The number and type of alleged violations for which mediation was conducted.
- C. The number and type of complaints filed;

- **D.** The number and type of hearings conducted;
- **E.** The number and type of final decisions rendered reflecting the number for which some relief was granted.
- F. With respect to all the data supplied in items A through E above, the allegations or complaints shall be reported according to the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan involved and, with respect to allegations or complaints under Chapter Two, according to the type(s) of discrimination alleged.

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

APPENDIX 1

REQUEST FOR COUNSELING UNDER THE

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN

r			
	UNITED STATES DISTRIC CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CA		
	REQUEST FOR COUNSELING EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESO		
Bef is a	fore completing this form, please refer to the Employme available in the Human Resources Department.	ent Dispute Resolution Plan, a copy of which	
1. Ful	Il Name of Person Requesting Counseling:		
2. Ma	iling Address:		
3. Hor	me or Cellular Phone ()	Work Phone (
4. If ye	If you are a court employee, state the following:		
	partment		
5. Nan Plar			
	() 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		
/. Plea	ase summarize the actions or occurrences giving rise t	o this dispute.	
	The EDR Counselor may need to contact the employing office to attempt a resolution of the disputed matter. Strict confidentiality will be maintained. The EDR Counselor will discuss this issue with you.		
9. Wha	What corrective action do you seek in this matter?		
This	This request for counseling is submitted by:		
Sign	nature	Date	
	unselor to whom submitted:		
		Date of Receipt:	
	R Coordinator	^ <u></u>	
	on Requesting Counseling		

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

APPENDIX 2

REQUEST FOR MEDIATION UNDER THE

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

REQUEST FOR MEDIATION UNDER EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN

Before completing this form, please refer to the Employment Dispute Resolution Plan, a copy of which is available in the Human Resources Department. Please complete this form legibly.

Please attach a copy of the REQUEST FOR COUNSELING UNDER THE EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN FORM filed in connection with this matter.

- 1. Full Name of Person Requesting Mediation
- 2. If any of the information supplied in the REQUEST FOR COUNSELING UNDER EDR PLAN filed in connection with this matter is no longer accurate, please note the number of the entry on the request for counseling form to be changed, and state the change(s) you wish to make:

3. Date of beginning of counseling period _____

4. Date of receipt of the Notice of Conclusion of the Counseling Period

5. Name of person who served as counselor ______

This request for mediation is submitted by:

Signature

Date

Name of person to whom submitted______

Signature of Recipient

Copies: EDR Coordinator Person Requesting Mediation Appointing Officer Employing Office Mediator Date of receipt

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

APPENDIX 3

COMPLAINT UNDER THE

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLAN

	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
	COMPLAINT UNDER EDR PLAN		
B o	efore completing this form, please refer to the Employment Dispute Resolution Plan, a copy f which is available in the Human Resources Department. Please complete this form legibly.		
F	l Name of Person Filing Complaint		
Ν	ailing Address		
Н	ome or Cellular Phone (Work Phone ()		
If you are a court employee, state the following:			
Job Title			
D	epartment		
te	ame and address of the Employing Office against whom this complaint is filed. (NOTE: Under the result of the EDR Plan, all complaints must be filed against an "Employing Office," not a person):		
 Id	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed:		
Id			
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Race Color		
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Race Color Religion		
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Race Color		
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Race Color Religion Gender/Sex (includes sexual harassment) National Origin Age		
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Color Race Color Religion Gender/Sex (includes sexual harassment) National Origin Age Disability		
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Race Color Religion Gender/Sex (includes sexual harassment) National Origin Age		
	entify the Chapter(s) of the EDR Plan under which your complaint is being filed: Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Chapter Two - Equal Employment Opportunity & Anti-Discrimination Rights Race Color Religion Gender/Sex (includes sexual harassment) National Origin Age Disability Sexual Orientation		

	Chapter Five - Employment and Reemployment Rights of Members of the Uniformed Services		
	Chapter Six - Occupational Safety and Health Protections		
	Chapter Seven - Polygraph Tests		
Date(s) of alleged violation			
Date on which counseling was requested Date on which counseling was completed Date on which mediation was requested Date on which mediation was concluded			
Name	of person who served as Counselor in this matter		
Name of person who served as Mediator in this matter			
Please summarize the actions or occurrences giving rise to your complaint. Explain in what way you believe your rights under the EDR Plan were violated. Identify all persons who participated in this matter or who can provide relevant information concerning your complai (If there is insufficient space below, you may attach additional pages).			

F

12.	What corrective action do you seek from your complaint?				
13.	Do you have an attorney or any other person who represents you in this matter?				
:	□ Yes □ No				
	If yes, please provide the following information concerning that person:				
	Name				
	Address				
	Work Phone ()	FAX ()			
	I affirm that the information provided in this complaint is true and correct to the best of my knowledge				
	Signature	Date			
Copies	s: EDR Coordinator				
	Person Filing Complaint Employing Office				

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

APPENDIX 4

PROCEDURES FOR REVIEW OF EDR HEARING OFFICER DECISION BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE NINTH CIRCUIT

Procedures for Review of EDR Hearing Officer Decision by the Executive Committee of the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit

I. Scope of the Rules

These rules govern procedures for petitioning for review of a decision, or summary dismissal, of an Employment Dispute Resolution ("EDR") Plan complaint rendered by the chief judge or designated judicial officer of the court involved ("Hearing Officer"). Such review is conducted by the Executive Committee of the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit ("Executive Committee").

II. Filing of Petition for Review

- A. Filing the Petition for Review A party aggrieved by a final decision of the Hearing Officer or by summary dismissal of a complaint, may petition for review of that decision or summary dismissal by filing a petition for review to which is attached a copy of the decision of the Hearing Officer (or a copy of the summary dismissal).
- B. Form of Petition and Supporting Arguments The petition shall be in accordance with Form 1 shown in Appendix A. Included in the petition or as an attachment to the petition shall be a statement, not to exceed 10 pages in length (8 ½ x 11 white paper, double-spaced, single-sided) setting forth the basis for the petition and all arguments and information supporting the petition. The petition must be filed with the Executive Committee in a timely manner as set forth in § III below.
- C. Serving the Petition for Review The petitioning party must serve the petition on the Executive Committee by having it delivered to the Circuit Executive at the following address:

Office of the Circuit Executive	Parcel Delivery:
Assistant Circuit Executive - EDR Plan	
P.O. Box 193939	95 Seventh Street
San Francisco, CA 94119	San Francisco, CA 94103
Fax (415) 556-6179	

Simultaneously, a copy of the petition (and all attachments thereto) must be served on the opposing party, and proof of such service shall be included with the petition filed with the Executive Committee.

III. Filing Deadlines

A. *Time for Filing a Petition for Review-* A petition for review must be submitted to the Executive Committee no later than 30 days following the date of the final decision of the Hearing Officer or following the date of a summary dismissal of the complaint.

- B. *Requests for Extension of Time* The Executive Committee may extend the time to file a petition for review and for any other filing specified in these procedures, provided the request is received no later than the required filing date, and provided the petitioner shows good cause or excusable neglect.
- C. Determining Time Periods The word "days" in all filing deadlines in these procedures shall mean calendar days, except that if the deadline date occurs on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline shall be extended to the next following Monday or court business day respectively.

IV. Consideration by the Executive Committee

- A. *General* All reviews will be conducted by the members of the Executive Committee, and shall be based on the decision of the Hearing Officer or the summary dismissal of a complaint and any documents submitted by the parties in response to the directive of the Executive Committee as outlined below.
- B. Scope of Record and Documents to be Considered Within 20 days following receipt of the petition for review, the Executive Committee shall notify the parties concerning what, if any, additional information, i.e., record (e.g. hearing transcript), documents and/or briefs, may be submitted for its consideration. Unless notified by the Executive Committee of its request for additional information, neither party is to submit further information.
- C. Oral Argument Oral argument will normally not be permitted, and only if specifically ordered but may be ordered by the Executive Committee. Either party may request such argument in writing filed within 7 days following filing of the petition as part of the petition (in the case of the party filing the petition) or (in the case of the Respondent) in a letter submitted no later than 7 days from receipt of the petition, setting forth the specific reasons why such argument is necessary, and why adequate argument cannot be made in written form. If granted, oral argument, may, at the sole discretion of the Executive Committee, be conducted via teleconference using video and/or audio technology.
- D. Standard of Review The decision or summary dismissal of the Hearing Officer shall be affirmed if supported by substantial evidence.
- E. Summary Disposition If at any time prior to the final submission of the case for review, the Executive Committee determines that the basis(es) of the request for review are so insubstantial as not to justify further proceedings, the court may issue an appropriate dispositive order.
- F. Form of Final Review The Executive Committee shall issue its decision in writing.

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

APPENDIX 5

PETITION FOR REVIEW TO THE

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE NINTH CIRCUIT

Name of Petitioning Party or Counsel Address Telephone # Fax #				
Name of Court in Which Hearing Officer's Decision Was Issued				
A.B., Petitioner)))	Petition for Review of Decision in (or Summary Dismissal of) Employment Dispute Resolution Plan Complaint		
v .)	r r		
C.D., Respondent)			
Notice is hereby given that (<u>name the party petitioning for review</u>), (petitioners) in the above named case, hereby petition for review to the Executive Committee of the Judicial Council for the Ninth Circuit from the decision (or summary dismissal of the complaint) by Judge <u>(name of Hearing Officer)</u> entered in this matter action on the day of, (20).				
Attached to this petition is a copy of the Hearing Officer's Decision (or summary dismissal of the complaint).				
The basis(es) of this petition for review is <u>(reason why review is requested</u> this basis(es) may be included as an attachment).				
Submitted this day of, 20				
(s)				